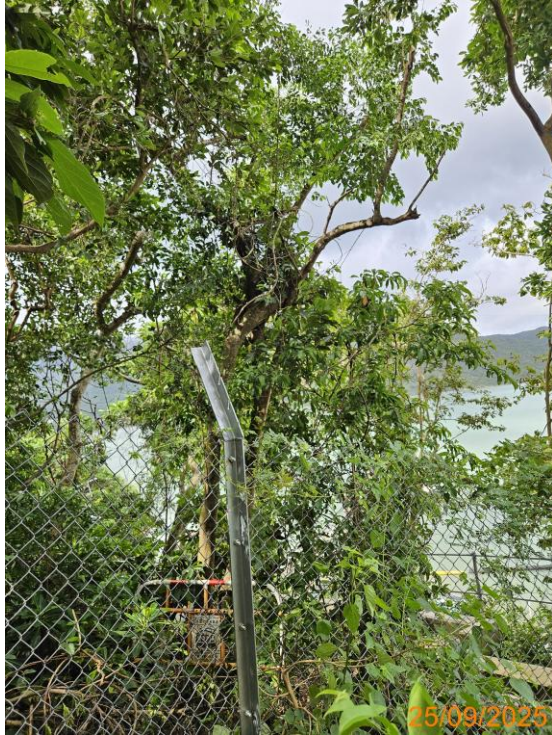
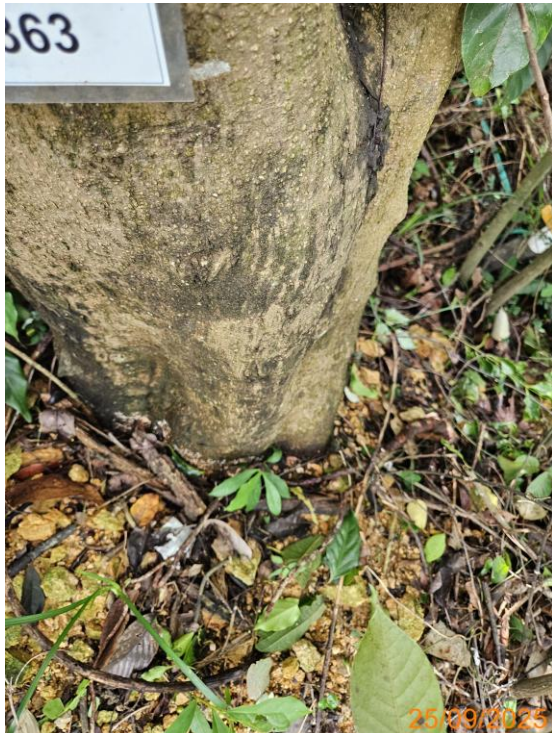




1: T8217



2: T8217_Cross branches



3: T8217_Trunk base



4: T8231



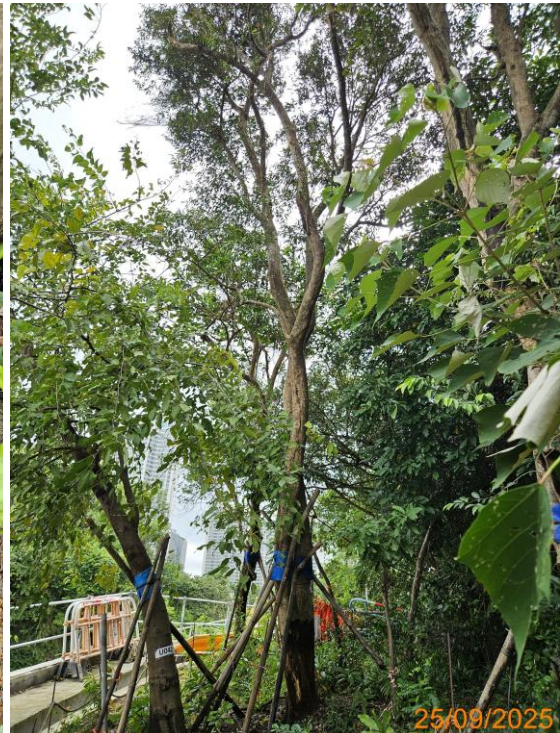
5: T8231_Borer hole#1



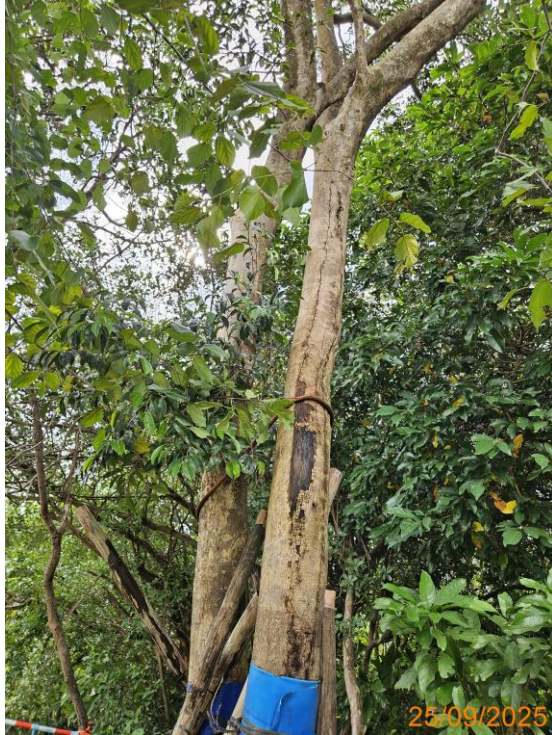
6: T8231_Borer hole#2



7: T8231_Trunk base



8: U041



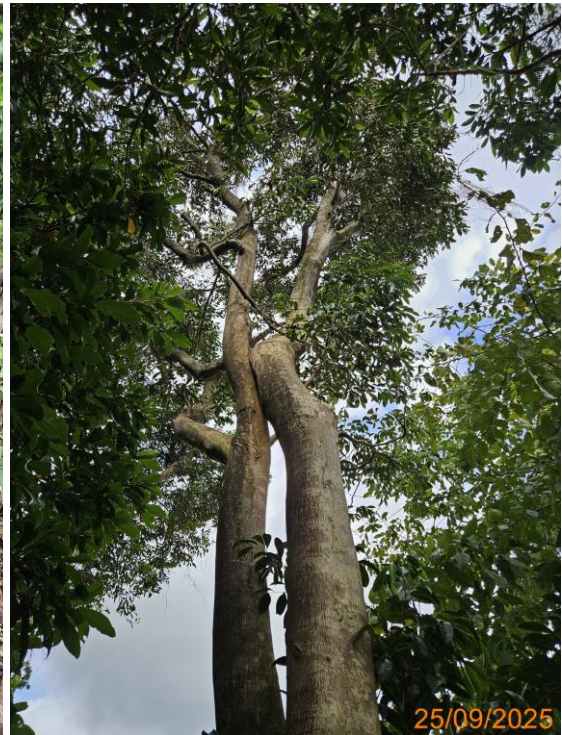
9: U041_Abnormal bark crack on trunk



10: U041_Abnormal bark crack on trunk_Close up



11: U041_Crack on trunk



12: U041_Crown



13: U041_Wood damage at trunk union#1



14: U041_Wood damage at trunk union#2



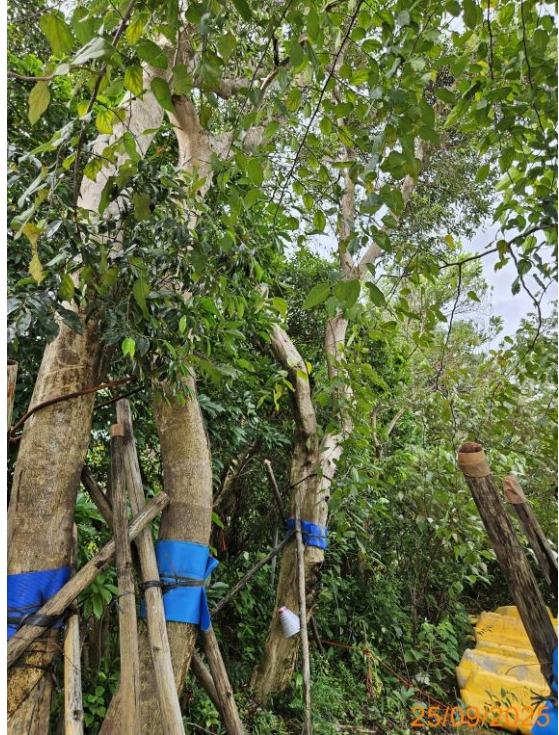
15: U041_Wood damage at trunk union#3



16: U042



17: U042_Wound on trunk base



18: U043



19: U043_Crack on trunk



20: U043_Crown



21: U043_Wound on trunk#1



22: U043_Wound on trunk#2



23: U043_Wound on trunk#3



24: Application of pesticide for U041



25: Adjust protection pad for U041



26: Adjust protection pad for U042



27: Adjust protection pad for U043



28: Adjust protection pad for T8231



29: Weeding work for T8217



30: Adjust protection pad for U041 on
25 September 2025



31: Adjust protection pad for U043 on
25 September 2025

Tree Schedule for Survey of Plant Species of Conservation Importance

Tree No.	Species			Measurements			Amenity Value (High(H) / Medium (M) / Low(L)	Tree Condition (Good(G) / Average(A) / Poor(P))			Recommendation (Retain / Transplant / Remove)	Findings	Remark
	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Height (m)	DBH (mm)	Crown Spread (m)		Form	Health	Structure			
T8217	<i>Canthium dicoccum</i>	魚骨木	IUCN:VU	9	220	6	L	P	A	P	Retain	Branch failure of T8217 was found on 21 July 2025 due to Typhoon signal No. 10. Overall condition of tree and its remaining part is fair.	There is no proper and safe assess towards T8231 & T8217, thus, plastics barriers were installed in lieu of 2m high barrier. Branch failure of T8217 was found on 21 July 2025. It was identified that the fallen part was one of the branches on upper position of tree. No decay was observed on the tearing position. No other collapsed part was observed due to adverse weather during time of inspection. Overall condition of tree and its remaining part is fair. Pruning of jagged wound to provide a clean cut is recommended. The pruning work the completed on 21 July 2025. Application of insecticides and fungicides on wound was conducted to prevent infection of wound on 18 September 2025.
T8231	<i>Canthium dicoccum</i>	魚骨木	IUCN:VU	7	190	6	L	P	A	P	Retain	Second epicormic failure was found on 21 July 2025 due to Typhoon signal No. 10. Overall condition of tree and its remaining part is fair	There is no proper and safe assess towards T8231 & T8217, thus, plastics barriers were installed in lieu of 2m high barrier. Epicormic branch failure was found on 03 May 2024. Staking to provide extra support and pruning of jagged wound to provide a clean cut was conducted on 16 May 2024. Application of insecticide and fungicide on wound was conducted on 18 September 2025. Adjustment of trunk protection pad was conducted on 18 September 2025 and 25 September 2025. The Staking was in normal condition during the time of inspection. No further significant defects were observed. Second epicormic failure was found on 21 July 2025, Overall condition of tree and its remaining part is fair. Pruning of jagged wound to provide a clean cut is recommended. Pruning works was completed on 21 July 2025.
U041	<i>Aquilaria sinensis</i>	土沉香	RPPHK; Cap.586; IUCN:VU	10	318	4	M	A	P	P	Retain	No obvious old termite track was found, damage of wood tissue was observed. Peeling off of bark and sign of split of internal wood tissue was observed. Trunk wound significantly decayed. High trunk failure risk.	Located closed to cut slope. The crack on trunk was found slightly larger since late March 2024. Peeling off of bark and split of internal wood tissue was observed in July 2024. Abnormal bark crack was found in December 2024. Additional guying for tree no. U041 has been installed as an enhanced stabilization measure alongside the bamboo staking in May 2025. Adjustment of guying and application of insecticide and fungicide was conducted on 18 September 2025. Adjustment of trunk protection pad was conducted on 18 September 2025 and 25 September 2025.
U042	<i>Gmelina chinensis</i>	石梓	RPPHK	6	150	2	M	A	P	A	Retain	Large wound near trunk base with wound wood development. Trunk wound is decaying.	Located closed to cut slope. Application of insecticide and fungicide as preventive measure was conducted on 18 September 2025. Adjustment of trunk protection pad was conducted on 18 September 2025 and 25 September 2025.
U043	<i>Aquilaria sinensis</i>	土沉香	RPPHK; Cap.586; IUCN:VU	9	310	4	M	A	P	P	Retain	Crack on trunk base. Trunk wound significantly decayed. High trunk failure risk.	Located closed to cut slope and fenced off by 2m high barrier. Application of insecticide and fungicide was conducted on 18 September 2025. Adjustment of trunk protection pad was conducted on 18 September 2025 and 25 September 2025.

RPPHK - Species included in AFCD publication "Rare and Precious Plants of Hong Kong (2003)"
Cap.586 – Native plants listed in Protection of Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance, Cap. 586.
IUCN:VU – "Vulnerable" under IUCN Red List of Threatened Species